

ST. JOSEPH UNIVERSITY IN TANZANIA

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List of Experiments

(Implement the following on LINUX or other Unix like platform. Use C for high level language implementation)

1(a) Implementation of process management using the following system calls of UNIX operating system: fork, exec, getpid, exit, wait, close.

1(b) Implementation of directory management using the following system calls of UNIX operating system: opendir, readdir.

2 Write a program using the I/O system calls of UNIX operating system (open, read, write, etc)

3 Write a programs to simulate UNIX commands like ls, grep, etc.

4(a) Write a program for implementing the First Come First Served Scheduling algorithm

4(b) Write a program for simulation of Shortest Job First Scheduling algorithm

5(a) Write a program for implementing the Round Robin Scheduling algorithm

5(b) Write a program for implementing the Priority scheduling algorithm

6 Developing Application using Inter Process communication (using shared memory, pipes or message queues)

7 Implement the Producer – Consumer problem using semaphores (using UNIX system calls).

8 Implement first fit algorithm for memory management

9(a) Implement Best fit algorithm for memory management

9(b) Implement worst fit algorithm for memory management

10 Implement Contiguous file allocation technique.



Linux Mint
from freedom came elegance



Experiment 1a

/*UNIX System Calls: fork,exec,getpid,exit,wait,close,stat*/

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>

int main(int argc, char*argv[])
{
    int pid;
    char s[100];
    pid=fork();
    argv[2]="date";
    if(pid<0)
        printf("Error.");

    else if(pid>0)
    {
        wait(NULL);
        printf("\nParent process\n");
        printf("\nParent process ID : %d\n\n",getpid());
        execlp("stat","stat","ex1a.c",NULL);
        exit(0);
    }

    else
    {
        printf("\nChild process\n");
        printf("\nChild process parent ID : %d\n",getppid());
        printf("\nChild process ID : %d\n\n",getpid());
        execvp(argv[2],argv);
        close(pid);
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Output

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc exla.c -o exla
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./exla

Child process

Child process parent ID : 13981

Child process ID : 13982

Tue Nov 29 18:16:37 EAT 2016

Parent process

Parent process ID : 13981

File: 'exla.c'
Size: 615          Blocks: 8          IO Block: 4096   regular file
Device: 808h/2056d Inode: 544511       Links: 2
Access: (0644/-rw-r--r--)  Uid: (29999/   oem)   Gid: (29999/   oem)
Access: 2016-11-29 18:16:35.985235407 +0300
Modify: 2016-11-29 18:16:26.209235157 +0300
Change: 2016-11-29 18:16:26.209235157 +0300
Birth: -
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ □
```

Experiment 1b

/*UNIX System Calls: opendir,readdir (ls)*/

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<dirent.h>

int main(int argc,char* argv[])
{
    DIR *d;
    struct dirent *r;
    int i=0;
    d=opendir(".");
    if(d==NULL)
    {
        printf("Error! Unable to open directory.\n");
        exit(1);
    }
    printf("\n\t Name of file \n");
    while((r=readdir(d)) != NULL)
    {
        printf("\t$ %s \n",r->d_name);
        i=i+1;
    }
    closedir(d);
    printf("\n The total number of files in the directory is %d \n\n",i);
    return 0;
}
```

Output

```
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex1b.c -o ex1b
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ls -a
.      ex1a      ex1b      ex2      file      LC_PAPER=sw_TZ
ex1a.c ex1b.c    ex2.c    file.c    robert.txt
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex1b

    Name of file
$ file
$ ex1a.c
$ ex1b
$ ex1a
$ LC_PAPER=sw_TZ
$ ex2
$ .
$ robert.txt
$ ..
$ ex2.c
$ ex1b.c
$ file.c

The total number of files in the directory is 12
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $
```

Experiment 2

/*UNIX System Calls: open, read, write*/

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/stat.h>
#include<fcntl.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<time.h>

int main(int argc,char*argv[])
{
    char buf[100];
    struct stat s;
    int fd,n;
    fd=open(argv[1], O_WRONLY,0777);
    fd=creat(argv[2],O_RDONLY);
    stat(argv[2],&s);
    if(fd==-1)
    printf("Error in Creation.");
    while( ( n=read(fd,buf,sizeof(buf)) ) > 0 )
    {
        if(write(fd,buf,n)!=n)
        {
            close(fd);
        }
    }
    printf("\n\t$User ID for file: %d \n",s.st_uid);
    printf("\n\t$File access time: %s \n",ctime(&s.st_atime));
    printf("\n\t$File modification time: %s \n",ctime(&s.st_mtime));
    printf("\n\t$File index node number: %ld \n",s.st_ino);
    printf("\n\t$Permission for file: %o \n\n",s.st_mode);
    return 0;
}
```

Output

```
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex2.c -o ex2
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex2

    $User ID for file: 29999

    $File access time: Sat Nov 26 23:05:10 2016

    $File modification time: Sat Nov 26 23:20:55 2016

    $File index node number: 548464

    $Permission for file: 100755

oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ █
```

Experiment 3

```
/*Unix commands: ls,grep */
```

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/dir.h>
#include <sys/param.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
```

```
void grep();
```

```
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
```

```
    int n;
    while(1)
    {
```

```
        printf("\nEnter an option.\n");
        printf("\n1.Unix command ls.");
        printf("\n2.Unix command grep.");
        printf("\n3.Unix command cp.");
        printf("\n4.Unix command rm.\n");
        scanf("%d",&n);
        switch(n)
        {
```

```
            case 1:
```

```
                system("ls");
                break;
```

```
            case 2:
```

```
                grep();
                break;
```

```
            case 3:
```

```
                system("cp -l ex3.c copy.c");
                printf("The file has been copied succesfully.");
                break;
```

```
            case 4:
```

```
                system("rm copy.c");
                printf("The file has been removed succesfully.");
                break;
```

```
            default:
```

```
                printf("Invalid choice.\n");
                exit(0);
                break;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
void grep()
```

```
{
```

```

char fn[10],pat[10],temp[200];
FILE *fp;
printf("Enter file name\n");
scanf("%s",fn);
printf("Enter pattern to be searched\n");
scanf("%s",pat);
fp=fopen(fn,"r");
while(!feof(fp))
{
    fgets(temp,1000,fp);
    if(strstr(temp,pat))
        printf("%s",temp);
}
fclose(fp);
}

```

Output

```

oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex3.c -o ex3
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex3

```

Enter an option.

```

1.Unix command ls.
2.Unix command grep.
3.Unix command cp.
4.Unix command rm.
1
date      ex1b      ex2.c     ex4a      ex4b.c    ex5b      ex6.c
ex1a      ex1b.c    ex3       ex4a.c    ex5a      ex5b.c    LC_PAPER=sw_TZ
ex1a.c    ex2       ex3.c     ex4b      ex5a.c    ex6

```

Enter an option.

```

1.Unix command ls.
2.Unix command grep.
3.Unix command cp.
4.Unix command rm.
2
Enter file name
ex3.c
Enter pattern to be searched
fp

```

```

FILE *fp;
fp=fopen(fn,"r");
while(!feof(fp))
    fgets(temp,1000,fp);
fclose(fp);

```

Enter an option.

```

1.Unix command ls.
2.Unix command grep.
3.Unix command cp.
4.Unix command rm.
3
The file has been copied succesfully.
Enter an option.

```

```
1.Unix command ls.
2.Unix command grep.
3.Unix command cp.
4.Unix command rm.
1
copy.c  ex1a.c  ex2      ex3.c    ex4b     ex5a.c  ex6
date    ex1b    ex2.c    ex4a     ex4b.c   ex5b    ex6.c
ex1a    ex1b.c  ex3      ex4a.c   ex5a     ex5b.c  LC_PAPER=sw_TZ
```

Enter an option.

```
1.Unix command ls.
2.Unix command grep.
3.Unix command cp.
4.Unix command rm.
4
The file has been removed succesfully.
Enter an option.
```

```
1.Unix command ls.
2.Unix command grep.
3.Unix command cp.
4.Unix command rm.
1
date    ex1b    ex2.c    ex4a     ex4b.c   ex5b    ex6.c
ex1a    ex1b.c  ex3      ex4a.c   ex5a     ex5b.c  LC_PAPER=sw_TZ
ex1a.c  ex2     ex3.c    ex4b     ex5a.c   ex6
```

Enter an option.

```
1.Unix command ls.
2.Unix command grep.
3.Unix command cp.
4.Unix command rm.
5
Invalid choice.
```

```
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $
```

Experiment 4a

/*First Come First Served Scheduling*/

#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

int main()

```
{
    int n, a[10], b[10], t[10], w[10], g[10], i,j,k;
    float att=0, awt=0;
    for(i=0;i<10;i++)
        a[i]=b[i]=t[i]=w[i]=g[i]=0;
    printf("\nEnter the number of processes.\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("\nEnter the burst times.\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%d",&b[i]);
    printf("\nEnter the arrival times.\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        g[i+1]=g[i]+b[i];
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        w[i]=g[i]-a[i];
        t[i]=g[i+1]-a[i];
        awt=awt+w[i];
        att=att+t[i];
    }
    awt=awt/n;
    att=att/n;
    puts("\n\n+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
    puts("| Process | Burst Time | Arrival Time | Waiting Time | Turn around Time |");
    puts("+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        printf("| P%2d | %2d | %2d | %2d | %2d |\n",
            i+1,b[i],a[i],w[i],t[i]);
        puts("+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
    }
    puts("\n\nGANTT CHART");
    puts("*****");

    // print top bar
    printf(" ");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        for(j=0; j<b[i]; j++)
            printf("--");
        printf(" ");
    }
    printf("\n");

    // printing process id in the middle
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
```

```

        for(j=0; j<b[i]-1; j++)
            printf(" ");
        printf("P%d", i+1);
        for(j=0; j<b[i]-1; j++)
            printf(" ");
        printf("|");
    }
    printf("\n ");

// printing bottom bar
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<b[i]; j++)
        printf("--");
    printf(" ");
}
printf("\n");

// printing the time line
printf("0");
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<b[i]; j++)
        printf(" ");
    if(g[i] > 9)
        printf("\b"); // backspace : remove 1 space
    printf("%d", g[i+1]);
}
printf("\n");

printf("\n\nAverage waiting time: %f ms\n",awt);
printf("\n\nAverage turn around time: %f ms\n",att);
return 0;
}

```

Output

```
oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex4a.c -o ex4a
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex4a
```

Enter the number of processes.

4

Enter the burst times.

4

9

8

13

Enter the arrival times.

0

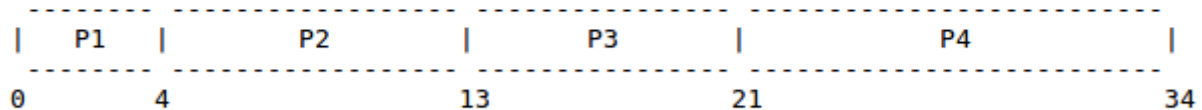
2

4

3

Process	Burst Time	Arrival Time	Waiting Time	Turn around Time
P 1	4	0	0	4
P 2	9	2	2	11
P 3	8	4	9	17
P 4	13	3	18	31

GANTT CHART



Average waiting time: 7.250000 ms

Average turn around time: 15.750000 ms

```
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $
```

Experiment 4b

/*Shortest Job First Scheduling*/

#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

int main()

```
{
    int i,j,n,temp,temp1,b[10],t[10],w[10],p[10];
    float att=0,awt=0;
    for(i=0;i<10;i++)
        b[i]=t[i]=w[i]=p[i]=0;
    printf("\nEnter the number of processes.\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("\nEnter the burst times.\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("P[%d] : ", i+1);
        scanf("%d", &b[i]);
    }

    for(i=0;i<n-1;i++)
    {
        for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)
        {
            if(b[i]>b[j])
            {
                temp=b[i];
                temp1=p[i];
                b[i]=b[j];
                p[i]=p[j];
                b[j]=temp;
                p[j]=temp1;
            }
        }
    }
    w[0]=0;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        w[i+1]=w[i]+b[i];
        t[i]=w[i]+b[i];
        awt=awt+w[i];
        att=att+t[i];
    }

    puts("\n\n+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
    puts("| Process | Burst Time | Waiting Time | Turn around Time |");
    puts("+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        printf("| P%2d | %2d | %2d | %2d |\n",
            i+1,b[i],w[i],t[i]);
        puts("+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
    }
    puts("\n\nGANTT CHART");
    puts("*****");
}
```

```

// print top bar
printf(" ");
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<b[i]; j++)
        printf("--");
    printf(" ");
}
printf("\n");

// printing process id in the middle
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<b[i]-1; j++)
        printf(" ");
    printf("P%d", i+1);
    for(j=0; j<b[i]-1; j++)
        printf(" ");
    printf("|");
}
printf("\n ");

// printing bottom bar
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<b[i]; j++)
        printf("--");
    printf(" ");
}
printf("\n");

// printing the time line
printf("0");
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<b[i]; j++)
        printf(" ");
    if(t[i] > 9)
        printf("\b"); // backspace : remove 1 space
    printf("%d", t[i]);
}
printf("\n");

printf("\n\nAverage waiting time: %f ms\n",awt);
printf("\n\nAverage turn around time: %f ms\n",att);
return 0;
}

```

Output

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex4b.c -o ex4b
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex4b
```

Enter the number of processes.

5

Enter the burst times.

P[1] : 3

P[2] : 2

P[3] : 6

P[4] : 4

P[5] : 5

Process	Burst Time	Waiting Time	Turn around Time
P 1	2	0	2
P 2	3	2	5
P 3	4	5	9
P 4	5	9	14
P 5	6	14	20

GANTT CHART

P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	
0	2	5	9	14	20

Average waiting time: 30.000000 ms

Average turn around time: 50.000000 ms

```
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $
```

Experiment 5a

/*Round Robin Scheduling*/

#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

int main()

```
{
    int i,j,k,n,bt[20],gc[20],wt[20],tat[20],bt1[20],st[20],ts,count=0,sum_bt=0,tq;
    int swt=0,stat=0,temp,sq=0,c,p=0;
    float awt=0.0,atat=0.0;
    printf("\nEnter the number of process: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("\nEnter the burst times:\n");
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&bt[i]);
        bt1[i]=bt[i];
        st[i]=bt[i];
    }

    printf("\nEnter the time slice.\n");
    scanf("%d",&ts);
    tq=ts;
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    sum_bt=sum_bt+bt[i];
    for(k=0; k<n; k++)
    {
        do
        {
            for(i=0; i<n; i++)
            {
                if(bt[i]>=ts)
                {
                    for(j=count; j<(count+ts); j++)
                    gc[j]=i+1;
                    count+=ts;
                    bt[i]=bt[i]-ts;
                }
                else
                {
                    for(j=count; j<=(count+bt[i]); j++)
                    gc[j]=i+1;
                    count+=bt[i];
                    bt[i]=0;
                }
            }
        }while(bt[k]!=0);
    }

    while(1)
    {
        for(i=0,count=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            temp=tq;
```

```

        if(st[i]==0)
        {
            count++;
            continue;
        }

        if(st[i]>tq)
            st[i]=st[i]-tq;
        else if(st[i]>=0)
        {
            temp=st[i];
            st[i]=0;

        }
        sq=sq+temp;
        tat[i]=sq;
    }
    if(n==count)
        break;
}

for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    wt[i]=tat[i]-bt1[i];
    swt=swt+wt[i];
    stat=stat+tat[i];
}
awt=(float)swt/n;
atat=(float)stat/n;
puts("\n\n+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
puts("| Process | Burst Time | Waiting Time | Turn around Time |");
puts("+-----+-----+-----+-----+");

for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    printf("| %2d | %2d | %2d | %2d |\n",
        i+1,bt1[i],wt[i],tat[i]);
    puts("+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
}

printf("\nAverage waiting time: %f ms\n",awt);
printf("\nAverage Turn around time: %f ms\n",atat);
puts("\n\nGANTT CHART");
puts("*****");
c=gc[0];
printf("===== \n");
printf("| P%d |",gc[0]);
for(i=1;i<sum_bt;i++)
{
    if(gc[i]!=c)
    {
        printf(" P%d |",gc[i]);
        c=gc[i];
    }
}
printf("\n=====");
printf("\n0 ");
c=gc[0];
for(i=1;i<=sum_bt;i++)

```

```

    {
        p=p+1;
        if(gc[i]!=c)
        {
            printf("%d\t",p);
            c=gc[i];
        }
    }
    printf("\n");
    return 0;
}

```

Output

```

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex5a.c -o ex5a
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex5a

```

Enter the number of processs: 4

Enter the burst times:

2
3
3
2

Enter the time slice.

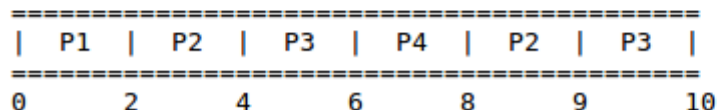
2

Process	Burst Time	Waiting Time	Turn around Time
1	2	0	2
2	3	6	9
3	3	7	10
4	2	6	8

Average waiting time: 4.750000 ms

Average Turn around time: 7.250000 ms

GANTT CHART



oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab \$

Experiment 5b

/*Priority Scheduling*/

#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdio.h>

```
int main()
{
    int i,j,n,temp,temp1,temp2,pr[10],b[10],t[10],w[10],p[10];
    float att=0,awt=0;
    printf("\nEnter the number of processes.");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("\nEnter the burst times.\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&b[i]);
        p[i]=i;
    }
    printf("\nEnter the priority.\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&pr[i]);
    }
    for(i=0;i<n-1;i++)
    {
        for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)
        {
            if(pr[i]>pr[j])
            {
                temp=b[i];
                temp1=p[i];
                temp2=pr[i];
                b[i]=b[j];
                p[i]=p[j];
                pr[i]=pr[j];
                b[j]=temp;
                p[j]=temp1;
                pr[j]=temp2;
            }
        }
    }
    w[0]=0;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    w[i+1]=w[i]+b[i];
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        t[i]=w[i]+b[i];
        awt=awt+w[i];
        att=att+t[i];
    }
    awt=awt/n;
    att=att/n;
    puts("\n\n+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
    puts("| Process | Burst Time | Waiting Time | Turn around Time |");
    puts("+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
```

```

for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    printf("| %2d | %2d | %2d | %2d | \n"
        ,i+1,b[i],w[i],t[i]);
    puts("+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
}
puts("\n\nGANTT CHART");
puts("*****");

// print top bar
printf(" ");
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<b[i]; j++)
        printf("--");
    printf(" ");
}
printf("\n");

// printing process id in the middle
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<b[i]-1; j++)
        printf(" ");
    printf("P%d", i+1);
    for(j=0; j<b[i]-1; j++)
        printf(" ");
    printf("|");
}
printf("\n ");

// printing bottom bar
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<b[i]; j++)
        printf("--");
    printf(" ");
}
printf("\n");

// printing the time line
printf("0");
for(i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    for(j=0; j<b[i]; j++)
        printf(" ");
    if(t[i] > 9)
        printf("\b"); // backspace : remove 1 space
    printf("%d", t[i]);
}
printf("\n");

printf("\n\nAverage waiting time: %f ms\n",awt);
printf("\n\nAverage turn around time: %f ms\n",att);
return 0;
}

```

Output

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex5b.c -o ex5b
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex5b
```

Enter the number of processes.5

Enter the burst times.

2
5
3
1
2

Enter the priority.

2
4
3
5
1

Process	Burst Time	Waiting Time	Turn around Time
1	2	0	2
2	2	2	4
3	3	4	7
4	5	7	12
5	1	12	13

GANTT CHART

P1	P2	P3	P4	P5
0	2	4	7	12 13

Average waiting time: 5.000000 ms

Average turn around time: 7.600000 ms

Experiment 6

/*Interprocess Communication*/

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<fcntl.h>

int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    int pid,pfd[2],n,a,b,c;
    if(pipe(pfd)==-1)
    {
        printf("\nError in pipe connection\n");
        exit(1);
    }
    pid=fork();
    if(pid>0)
    {
        puts("\nParent Process");
        puts("\n*****");
        printf("\n\n\tFibonacci Series");
        printf("\nEnter the limit for the series:");
        scanf("%d",&n);
        write(pfd[1],&n,sizeof(n));
        close(pfd[1]);
        exit(0);
    }
    else
    {
        read(pfd[0],&n,sizeof(n));
        puts("\nChild Process");
        puts("\n*****");
        a=0;
        b=1;
        close(pfd[0]);
        printf("\nFibonacci Series is:");
        printf("\n\n%d\n%d",a,b);
        while(n>2)
        {
            c=a+b;
            printf("\n%d",c);
            a=b;
            b=c;
            n--;
        }

        puts("\n");
        return 0;
    }
}
```

Output

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex6.c -o ex6
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex6
```

Parent Process

Fibonacci Series
Enter the limit for the series:25

Child Process

Fibonacci Series is:

0
1
1
2
3
5
8
13
21
34
55
89
144
233
377
610
987
1597
2584
4181
6765
10946
17711
28657
46368

Experiment 7

/*Producer-Consumer Problem using Semaphores*/

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<semaphore.h>
#include<pthread.h>

int mutex=1,full=0,empty=3,x=0;
int main()
{
    int n;
    void producer();
    void consumer();
    int wait(int);
    int signal(int);
    printf("\n 1.Producer \n 2.Consumer \n 3.Exit");
    while(1)
    {
        printf("\n\n Enter your choice:");
        scanf("%d",&n);
        switch(n)
        {
            case 1:
                if((mutex==1)&&(empty!=0))
                    producer();
                else
                    printf(" Buffer is full");
                break;

            case 2:
                if((mutex==1)&&(full!=0))
                    consumer();
                else
                    printf(" Buffer is empty");
                break;

            case 3:
                exit(0);
                break;

        }
    }
}

int wait(int s)
{
    return (--s);
}

int signal(int s)
{
    return(++s);
}

void producer()
{

```

```

        mutex=wait(mutex);
        full=signal(full);
        empty=wait(empty);
        x++;
        printf(" Producer produces the item %d",x);
        mutex=signal(mutex);
    }

void consumer()
{
    mutex=wait(mutex);
    full=wait(full);
    empty=signal(empty);
    printf(" Consumer consumes item %d",x);
    x--;
    mutex=signal(mutex);
}

```

Output

```

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex7.c -o ex7
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex7

1.Producer
2.Consumer
3.Exit

Enter your choice:1
Producer produces the item 1

Enter your choice:1
Producer produces the item 2

Enter your choice:1
Producer produces the item 3

Enter your choice:1
Buffer is full

Enter your choice:2
Consumer consumes item 3

Enter your choice:2
Consumer consumes item 2

Enter your choice:2
Consumer consumes item 1

Enter your choice:2
Buffer is empty

Enter your choice:3
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ █

```

Experiment 8

/*First Fit Memory Management Scheme*/

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
```

```
struct firstfit
{
```

```
    int b[20],p[20];
```

```
} *ptr,*ptr1;
```

```
int i,j,n,m;
```

```
void display(struct firstfit *disp);
```

```
int main()
{
```

```
    printf("\nEnter the number of Blocks: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    ptr=(struct firstfit*)malloc(n*sizeof(struct firstfit));
    printf("\nEnter the size of the Blocks.\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("Block [%d]: ",i);
        scanf("%d", &(ptr+i)->b[i]);
    }
    printf("\nEnter the number of Processes: ");
    scanf("%d",&m);
    ptr1=(struct firstfit*)malloc(m*sizeof(struct firstfit));
    printf("\nEnter the size of the Processes.\n");
    for(i=0;i<m;i++)
    {
        printf("Process [%d]: ",i);
        scanf("%d", &(ptr1+i)->p[i]);
    }

    struct firstfit disp;
    display(&disp);
```

```
}
```

```
void display(struct firstfit *disp)
```

```
{
```

```
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        for(j=0;j<m;j++)
```

```
        {
```

```
            if((ptr1+j)->p[j] <= (ptr+i)->b[i])
```

```
            {
```

```
                printf("\nThe Process %d is allocated to Block %d\n",j, i);
```

```
                (ptr1+j)->p[j]=10000;
```

```
                break;
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```

    }

    for(j=0;j<m;j++)
    {
        if((ptr1+j)->p[j] != 10000)
        {
            printf("\nThe Process %d is not allocated\n",j);
        }
    }
}

```

Output

```

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex8.c -o ex8
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex8

```

Enter the number of Blocks: 5

Enter the size of the Blocks.

Block [0]: 10

Block [1]: 20

Block [2]: 10

Block [3]: 15

Block [4]: 25

Enter the number of Processes: 5

Enter the size of the Processes.

Process [0]: 20

Process [1]: 10

Process [2]: 15

Process [3]: 10

Process [4]: 35

The Process 1 is allocated to Block 0

The Process 0 is allocated to Block 1

The Process 3 is allocated to Block 2

The Process 2 is allocated to Block 3

The Process 4 is not allocated

```
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ █
```

Experiment 9a

/*Best Fit Memory Management Scheme*/

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
```

```
struct bestfit
{
```

```
    int b[20],p[20],b1[20],p1[20];
```

```
}*ptr,*ptr1;
```

```
int i,j,n,m;
```

```
void display(struct bestfit *disp);
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
    int temp,temp1,temp2;
    printf("\nEnter the number of Blocks: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    ptr=(struct bestfit*)malloc(n*sizeof(struct bestfit));
    printf("\nEnter the size of the Blocks.\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("Block [%d]: ",i);
        scanf("%d", &(ptr+i)->b[i]);
        (ptr+i)->b1[i]=i;
    }
    printf("\nEnter the number of Processes: ");
    scanf("%d",&m);
    ptr1=(struct bestfit*)malloc(m*sizeof(struct bestfit));
    printf("\nEnter the size of the Processes.\n");
    for(i=0;i<m;i++)
    {
        printf("Process [%d]: ",i);
        scanf("%d", &(ptr1+i)->p[i]);
        (ptr1+i)->p1[i]=i;
    }
}
```

```
struct bestfit disp;
display(&disp);
```

```
}
```

```
void display(struct bestfit *disp)
```

```
{
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<m;j++)
        {
            if((ptr1+j)->p[j] <= (ptr+i)->b[i])
            {
```

```

        printf("\nThe Process %d is allocated to
        Block %d\n", (ptr1+j)->p1[j], (ptr+i)->b1[i]);
        (ptr1+j)->p[j]=10000;
        break;
    }
}
}
for(j=0; j<m; j++)
{
    if((ptr1+j)->p[j] != 10000)
    {
        printf("\nThe Process %d is not allocated\n", j);
    }
}
}

```

Output

```

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex9a.c -o ex9a
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex9a

Enter the number of Blocks: 5

Enter the size of the Blocks.
Block [0]: 10
Block [1]: 20
Block [2]: 30
Block [3]: 40
Block [4]: 50

Enter the number of Processes: 5

Enter the size of the Processes.
Process [0]: 47
Process [1]: 28
Process [2]: 36
Process [3]: 4
Process [4]: 15

The Process 3 is allocated to Block 0
The Process 4 is allocated to Block 1
The Process 1 is allocated to Block 2
The Process 2 is allocated to Block 3
The Process 0 is allocated to Block 4
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ █

```

Experiment 9b

```
/*Worst Fit Memory Management Scheme*/

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

struct worstfit
{
    int p[20],p1[20],p2[20],b[20],frag[20],bf[20],ff[20];
} *ptr, wf;

int i,m;
void display(struct worstfit *disp);

int main()
{
    int j,n,temp,highest=0;
    printf("\nEnter the number of Blocks: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("\nEnter the size of the Blocks.\n");
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
        printf("Block [%d]: ",i);
        scanf("%d", &wf.b[i]);
    }
    printf("\nEnter the number of Processes: ");
    scanf("%d",&m);
    ptr=(struct worstfit*)malloc(m*sizeof(struct worstfit));
    printf("\nEnter the size of the Processes.\n");
    for(i=1;i<=m;i++)
    {
        printf("Process [%d]: ",i);
        scanf("%d", &wf.p[i]);
        (ptr+i)->p1[i]=wf.p[i];
        (ptr+i)->p2[i]=i;
    }
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
        for(j=1;j<=m;j++)
        {
            if(wf.bf[j]!=1)
            {
                temp= wf.b[j]-wf.p[i];
                if(temp>=0)
                if(highest<temp)
                {
                    wf.ff[i]=j;
                    highest=temp;
                }
            }
        }
        wf.frag[i]=highest;
        wf.bf[wf.ff[i]]=1;
        highest=0;
    }
}
```

```

    }
    struct worstfit disp;
    display(&disp);
    return 0;
}

void display(struct worstfit *disp)
{
    puts("\n\n+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
    puts("|Process|Process size|Block|Block Size|Fragment|");
    puts("+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
    for(i=1;i<=m;i++)
    {
        printf("| %2d |   %2d   |%2d |   %2d   |"
               ,(ptr+i)->p2[i],(ptr+i)->p1[i], wf.ff[i], wf.b[wf.ff[i]]
               ,wf.frag[i]);
        puts("\n+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+");
    }
    printf("\n");
}

```

Output

```

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex9b.c -o ex9b
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex9b

```

Enter the number of Blocks: 3

Enter the size of the Blocks.

Block [1]: 20

Block [2]: 30

Block [3]: 10

Enter the number of Processes: 3

Enter the size of the Processes.

Process [1]: 10

Process [2]: 14

Process [3]: 6

Process	Process size	Block	Block Size	Fragment
1	10	2	30	20
2	14	1	20	6
3	6	3	10	4

```

oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ █

```

Experiment 10

/*Contiguous File Allocation*/

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
{
    int n, fc[20], mb[100], i, j, k, fb[100], fs[20], mc=0;
    printf("\nEnter the number of files: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("\nEnter the capacity of file %d: ",i+1);
        scanf("%d",&fc[i]);
        printf("\nEnter the starting address of file %d: ",i+1);
        scanf("%d",&fs[i]);
    }
    printf("\n\nCONTIGUOUS FILE ALLOCATION");
    printf("\n*****\n");
    for(i=0;i<100;i++)
    fb[i]=1;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        j=fs[i];
        {
            if(fb[j]==1)
            {
                for(k=j;k<(j+fc[i]);k++)
                {
                    if(fb[k]==1)
                        mc++;
                }
                if(mc==fc[i])
                {
                    for(k=fs[i];k<(fs[i]+fc[i]);k++)
                    {
                        fb[k]=0;
                    }
                    printf("\nFile %d is allocated from address %d t %d.\n",
                        i+1,fs[i],fs[i]+fc[i]-1);
                }
            }
            else
                printf("\nFile %d is not allocated since contiguous memory of size %d is not
                    available from address %d.\n",i+1,fc[i],fs[i]);
        }
        mc=0;
    }
    printf("\n\n");
    return 0;
}
```

Output

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
oem@RobertKaramagi ~ $ cd lab
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ gcc ex10.c -o ex10
oem@RobertKaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex10

Enter the number of files: 4

Enter the capacity of file 1: 10

Enter the starting address of file 1: 0

Enter the capacity of file 2: 20

Enter the starting address of file 2: 10

Enter the capacity of file 3: 20

Enter the starting address of file 3: 25

Enter the capacity of file 4: 10

Enter the starting address of file 4: 40


CONTIGUOUS FILE ALLOCATION
*****

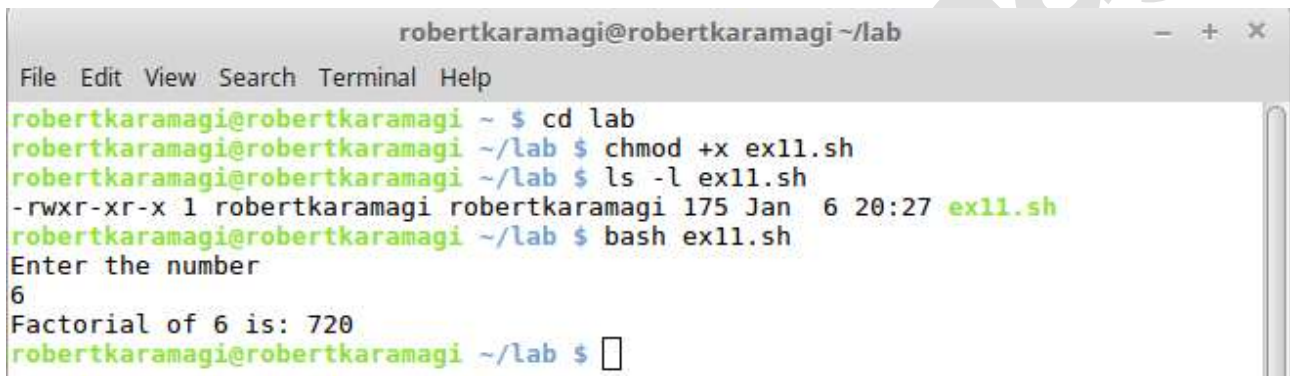
File 1 is allocated from address 0 to 9.
File 2 is allocated from address 10 to 29.
File 3 is not allocated since contiguous memory of size 20 is not available from address 25.
File 4 is allocated from address 40 to 49.
```

Experiment 11

#Factorial of a given number

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Enter the number"
read n
i=1
fact=1
while [ $i -le $n ]
do
((fact=$fact*$i))
((i=$i+1))
done
echo "Factorial of $n is: $fact"
```

Output

A terminal window titled 'robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab' with a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Search, Terminal, Help). The terminal shows the following commands and output:

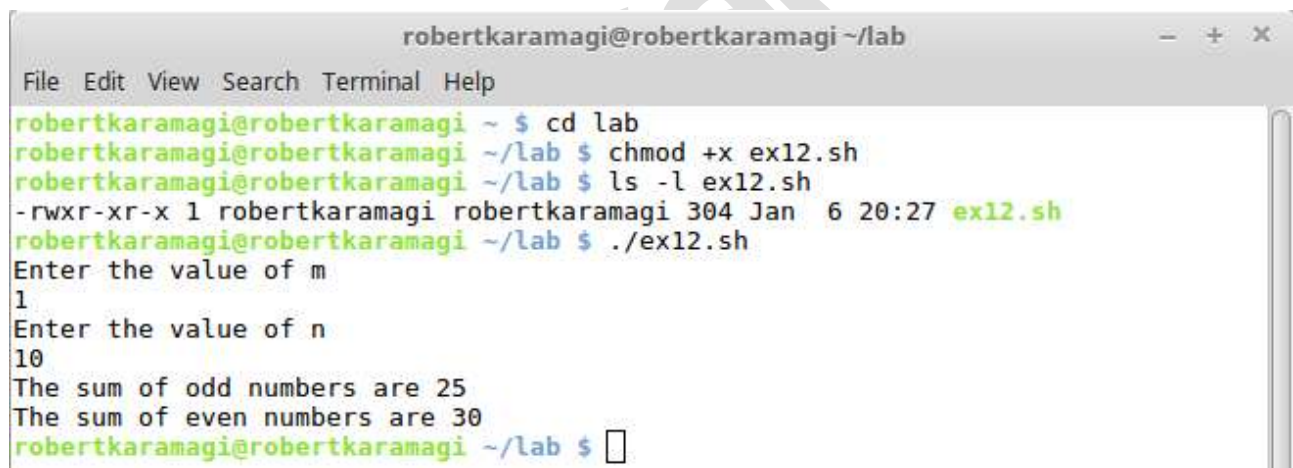
```
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~ $ cd lab
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $ chmod +x ex11.sh
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $ ls -l ex11.sh
-rwxr-xr-x 1 robertkaramagi robertkaramagi 175 Jan  6 20:27 ex11.sh
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $ bash ex11.sh
Enter the number
6
Factorial of 6 is: 720
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $
```

Experiment 12

Sum of Odd and Even numbers from M to N

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Enter the value of m"
read m
echo "Enter the value of n"
read n
k=0
p=0
while [ $m -le $n ]
do
((t=m%2))
if [ $t -eq 0 ]
then ((p=p+m))
else
((k=k+m))
fi
((m=m+1))
done
echo "The sum of odd numbers are $k"
echo "The sum of even numbers are $p"
```

Output



```
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~ $ cd lab
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $ chmod +x ex12.sh
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $ ls -l ex12.sh
-rwxr-xr-x 1 robertkaramagi robertkaramagi 304 Jan  6 20:27 ex12.sh
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $ ./ex12.sh
Enter the value of m
1
Enter the value of n
10
The sum of odd numbers are 25
The sum of even numbers are 30
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $
```

Experiment 13

#Find out the max and min number of a given series
#!/bin/bash

```
echo "Enter the number of elements in the array:"
read n
echo "Enter the elements one by one:"
i=0
while [ $i -lt $n ]
do
read array[$i]
let i++
done
len=${#array[*]}
echo "The array has $len members. They are: "
i=0
while [ $i -lt $len ]
do
echo "$i:${array[$i]}"
let i++
done
i=0
j=1
min=${array[$i]}
max=${array[$i]}
while [ $j -lt $len ]
do
sec=${array[$j]}
if [ $min -gt $sec ]
then
min=$sec
elif [ $max -lt $sec ]
then
max=$sec
fi
let j++
done
echo "Minimum=$min"
echo "Maximum=$max"
```

Output

```
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~ $ cd lab
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $ chmod +x ex13.sh
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $ ls -l ex13.sh
-rwxr-xr-x 1 robertkaramagi robertkaramagi 614 Jan  6 23:28 ex13.sh
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $ bash ex13.sh
Enter the number of elements in the array:
6
Enter the elements one by one:
4
78
3
56
789
45
The array has 6 members. They are:
0:4
1:78
2:3
3:56
4:789
5:45
Minimum=3
Maximum=789
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $
```

Experiment 14

Implementation of Calculator application
#!/bin/bash

```
j=1
while [ $j -eq 1 ]
do
echo "Enter the first operand:"
read f1
echo "Enter the second operand:"
read f2
echo "1-> Addition"
echo "2-> Subtraction"
echo "3-> Multiplication"
echo "4-> Division"
echo "Enter your choice"
read n
case "$n" in
1)
echo "Addition"
f3=$((f1+f2))
echo "The result is:$f3"
;;
2)
echo "Subtraction"
let "f4=$f1-$f2"
echo "The result is:$f4"
;;
3)
echo "Multiplication"
let "f5=$f1 * $f2"
echo "The result is:$f5"
;;
4)
echo "Division"
let "f6=$f1 / $f2"
echo "The result is:$f6"
;;
esac
echo "Do you want to continue(press:1 otherwise press any other integer to quit)"
read j
done
```

Output

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~ $ cd lab
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $ chmod +x ex14.sh
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $ bash ex14.sh
Enter the first operand:
23
Enter the second operand:
23
1-> Addition
2-> Subtraction
3-> Multiplication
4-> Division
Enter your choice
1
Addition
The result is:46
Do you want to continue(press:1 otherwise press any other integer to quit)
1
Enter the first operand:
20
Enter the second operand:
2
1-> Addition
2-> Subtraction
3-> Multiplication
4-> Division
Enter your choice
2
Subtraction
The result is:18
Do you want to continue(press:1 otherwise press any other integer to quit)
1
Enter the first operand:
24
Enter the second operand:
2
1-> Addition
2-> Subtraction
3-> Multiplication
4-> Division
Enter your choice
3
Multiplication
The result is:48
Do you want to continue(press:1 otherwise press any other integer to quit)
1
Enter the first operand:
24
Enter the second operand:
12
1-> Addition
2-> Subtraction
3-> Multiplication
4-> Division
Enter your choice
4
Division
The result is:2
Do you want to continue(press:1 otherwise press any other integer to quit)
0
robertkaramagi@robertkaramagi ~/lab $
```